

## 02312NPJ-PRO

Huawei® 02312NPJ Compatible TAA 400GBase-FR4 QSFP-DD Transceiver (SMF, 1310nm, 2km, LC, DOM, 0 to 70C)

### Features

- QSFP-DD MSA compliant
- 100G Lambda MSA 400G-FR4 Specification compliant
- 4 CWDM lanes MUX/DEMUX design
- Operating Temperature: 0 to 70 Celsius
- 8x53.125Gbps electrical interface
- Up to 2km transmission on single mode fiber (SMF) with FEC
- Maximum power consumption 12W
- Data Rate 106.25Gbps (PAM4) per channel
- RoHS compliant and Lead -Free
- Duplex LC connector



### Applications:

- 400GBase Ethernet

### Product Description

This Huawei® QSFP-DD transceiver provides 400GBase-FR4 throughput up to 2km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1310nm via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Huawei® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

Proline's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products.



## Regulatory Compliance

- ESD to the Electrical PINs: compatible with MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.4
- ESD to the LC Receptacle: compatible with IEC 61000-4-3
- EMI/EMC compatible with FCC Part 15 Subpart B Rules, EN55022:2010
- Laser Eye Safety compatible with FDA 21CFR, EN60950-1& EN (IEC) 60825-1,2
- RoHS compliant with EU RoHS 2.0 directive 2015/863/EU

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	3.6	V
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40	85	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Tc	0	70	°C
Relative Humidity (non-condensing)	RH	0	85	%

## Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Operating Case Temperature	Tc	0		70	°C	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Data Rate Per Lane			26.5625		GBd	PAM4
Data Rate Accuracy		-100		100	ppm	
Pre-FEC Bit Error Ratio				$2.4 \times 10^{-4}$		
Post-FEC Bit Error Ratio				$1 \times 10^{-12}$		1
Link Distance	D	0.5		2000	m	2

## Notes:

1. FEC provided by host system.
2. FEC required on host system to support maximum distance.

## Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
<b>Power Consumption</b>				12	W	
<b>Supply Current</b>	I <sub>cc</sub>			3.64	A	
<b>Transmitter (each lane)</b>						
<b>Signaling Rate Per Lane</b>	TP1	26.5625 ± 100 ppm			GBd	
<b>Differential pk-pk Input Voltage Tolerance</b>	TP1a	900			mVp-p	1
<b>Differential Termination Mismatch</b>	TP1			10	%	
<b>Differential Input Return Loss</b>	TP1	IEEE 802.3-2015 Equation (83E-5)			dB	
<b>Differential to Common-Mode Input Return Loss</b>	TP1	IEEE 802.3-2015 Equation (83E-6)			dB	
<b>Module Stressed Input Test</b>	TP1a	See IEEE 802.3bs 120E.3.4.1				2
<b>Single-Ended Voltage Tolerance Range (Minimum)</b>	TP1a	-0.4 to 3.3			V	
<b>DC Common-Mode Input Voltage</b>	TP1	-350		2850	mV	3
<b>Receiver (each lane)</b>						
<b>Signaling Rate, each lane</b>	TP4	26.5625 ± 100 ppm			GBd	
<b>Differential Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage</b>	TP4			900	mVp-p	
<b>AC Common Mode Output Voltage, RMS</b>	TP4			17.5	mV	
<b>Differential Termination Mismatch</b>	TP4			10	%	
<b>Differential Output Return Loss</b>	TP4	IEEE 802.3-2015 Equation (83E-2)				
<b>Common to Differential Mode Conversion Return Loss</b>	TP4	IEEE 802.3-2015 Equation (83E-3)				
<b>Transition Time, 20% to 80%</b>	TP4	9.5			ps	
<b>Near-end Eye Symmetry Mask Width (ESMW)</b>	TP4		0.265		UI	
<b>Near-end Eye Height, Differential</b>	TP4	70			mV	
<b>Far-end Eye Symmetry Mask Width (ESMW)</b>	TP4		0.2		UI	
<b>Far-end Eye Height, Differential</b>	TP4	30			mV	
<b>Far-end Pre-cursor ISI Ratio</b>	TP4	-4.5		2.5	%	
<b>Common Mode Output Voltage (Vcm)</b>	TP4	-350		2850	mV	3

### Notes:

1. With the exception to IEEE 802.3bs 120E.3.1.2 that the pattern is PRBS31Q or scrambled idle.
2. Meets BER specified in IEEE 802.3bs 120E.1.1.
3. DC common-mode voltage is generated by the host. Specification includes effects of ground offset voltage.

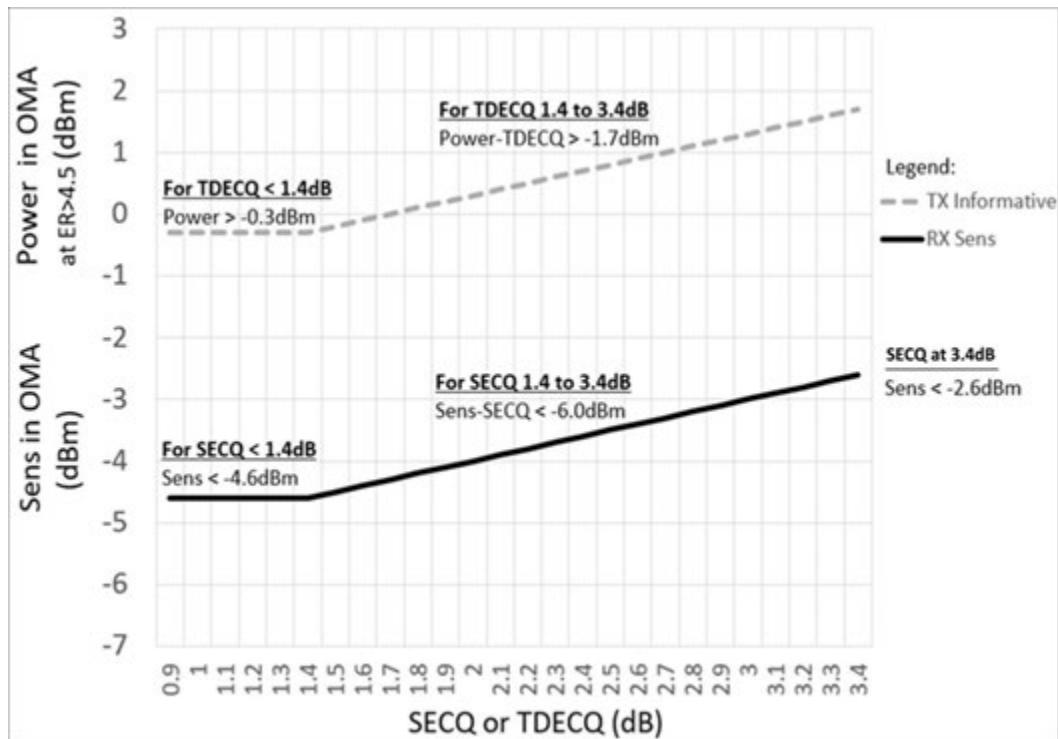
## Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Lane Wavelength	L0	1264.5	1271	1277.5	nm	
	L1	1284.5	1291	1297.5		
	L2	1304.5	1311	1317.5		
	L3	1324.5	1331	1337.5		
Transmitter						
Data Rate Per Lane		53.125 ± 100 ppm			GBd	
Modulation Format		PAM4				
Side-Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	Modulated
Total Average Launch Power	PT			9.3	dBm	
Average Launch Power Per Lane	Pavg	-3.3		3.5	dBm	1
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane	POMA	-0.3		3.7	dBm	2
Launch Power in OMAouter minus TDECQ Per Lane		-1.7			dB	For ER ≥4.5dB
Launch Power in OMAouter minus TDECQ Per Lane		-1.6			dB	For ER <4.5dB
Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closer for PAM4 Per Lane	TDECQ			3.4	dB	
Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Difference in Launch Power Between Any Two Lanes (OMAouter)				4	dB	
RIN <sub>17.1</sub> OMA	RIN			-136	dB/Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	TOL			17.1	dB	
Transmitter Reflectance				-26	dB	
Average Launch Power of OFF Transmitter Per Lane	Poff			-20	dBm	
Receiver						
Data Rate Per Lane		53.125 ± 100 ppm			GBd	
Modulation Format		PAM4				
Damage Threshold Per Lane	THd	4.5			dBm	3
Average Receive Power Per Lane		-7.3		3.5	dBm	4
Receive Power (OMAouter) Per Lane				3.7	dBm	
Difference in Receiver Power Between Any Two Lanes (OMAouter)				4.1	dB	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter) Per Lane	S			-5.0	dBm	For BER of 2.4E <sup>-4</sup>
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter) Per Lane	SRS	See Figure Below			dBm	5
Receiver Reflectance				-26	dB	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS De-assert	LOSD			-12	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5			dB	

Stressed Conditions for Stress Receiver Sensitivity (Note 6)						
Stressed Eye Closure for PAM4 (SECQ) Lane under Test		0.9		3.4	dB	
OMA <sub>outer</sub> of Each Aggressor Lane			1.5		dBm	

**Notes:**

1. Average launch power, each lane (minimum), is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A transmitter with launch power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
2. Even if the TDECQ<1.4 dB for an extinction ratio of  $\geq 4.5$  dB or TDECQ<1.3 dB for an extinction ratio of <4.5 dB, the OMA<sub>outer</sub> (minimum) must exceed the minimum value specified here.
3. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to an optical input signal having this average power level.
4. Average receive power, each lane (minimum) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
5. Measured with conformance test signal for  $BER = 2.4 \times 10^{-4}$ . A compliant receiver shall have stressed receiver sensitivity (OMA<sub>outer</sub>), each lane values below the mask of the figure below, for SECQ values between 0.9 and 3.4 dB.
6. These test conditions are for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.

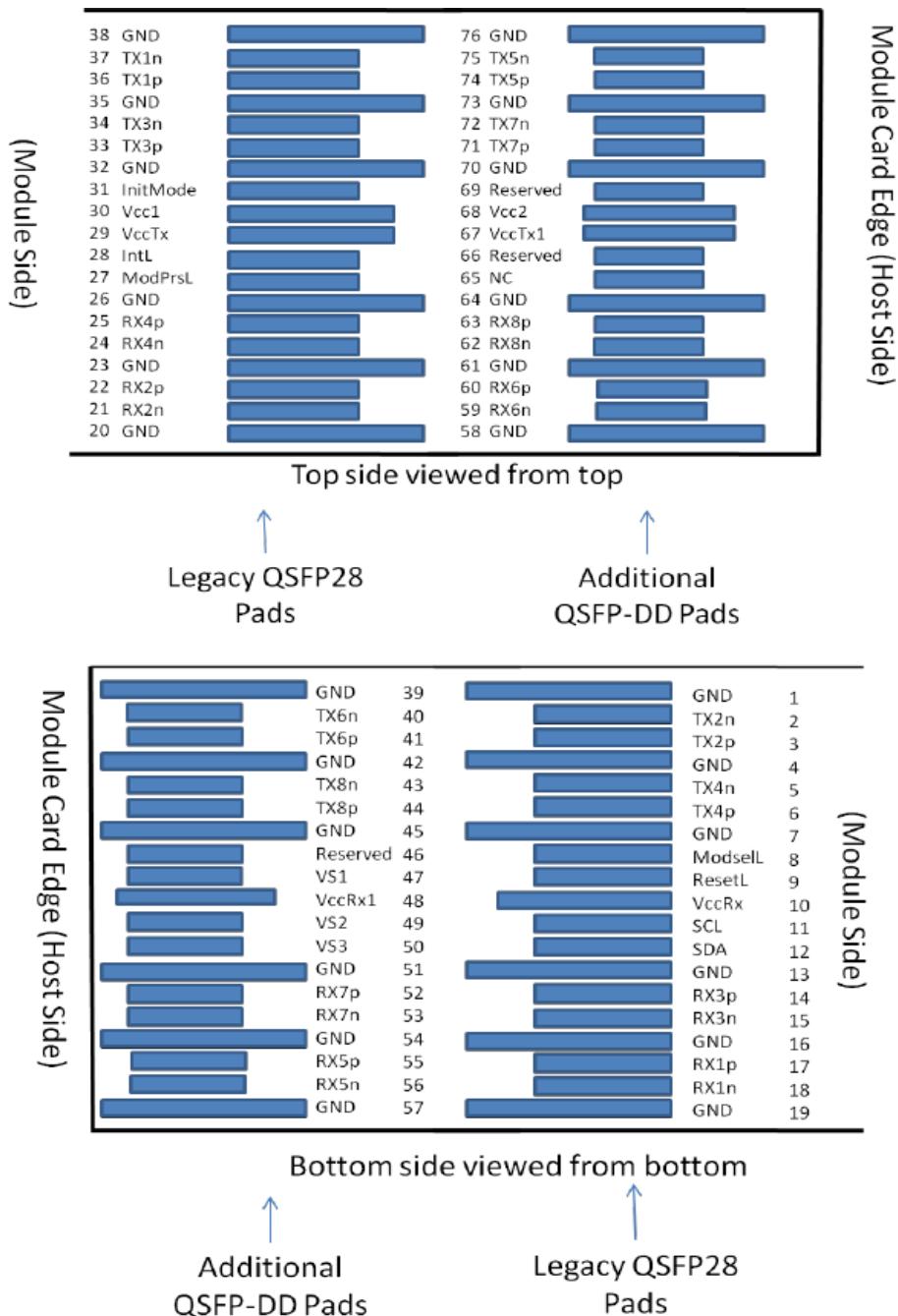


## Pin Descriptions

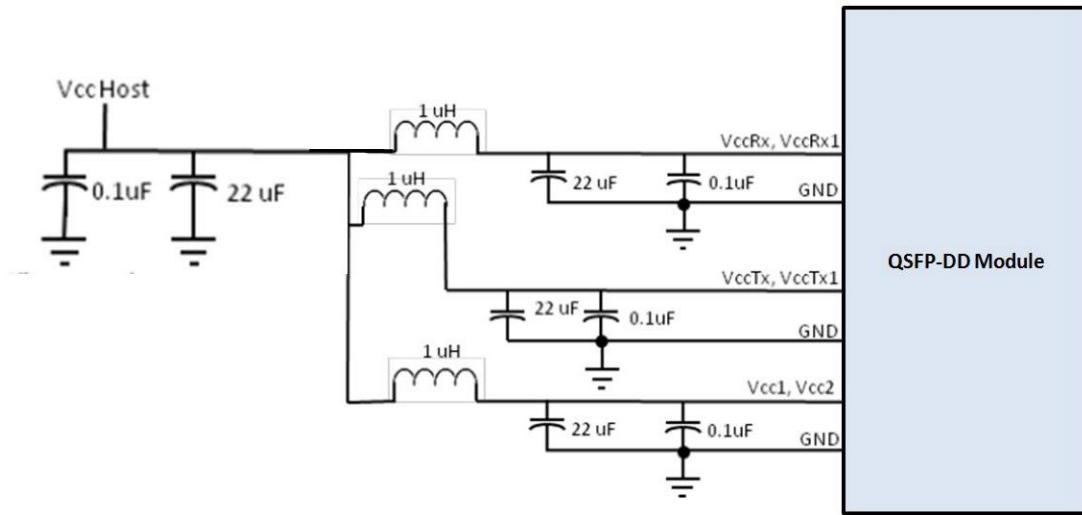
Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Descriptions	Plug Sequence
1		GND	Module Ground.	1B
2	CML-I	Tx2-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input.	3B
3	CML-I	Tx2+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.	3B
4		GND	Module Ground.	1B
5	CML-I	Tx4-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input.	3B
6	CML-I	Tx4+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.	3B
7		GND	Module Ground.	1B
8	LVTTL-I	ModSelL	Module Select.	3B
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset.	3B
10		VccRx	+3.3V Power Supply Receiver.	2B
11	LVCMOS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock.	3B
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data.	3B
13		GND	Module Ground.	1B
14	CML-O	Rx3+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.	3B
15	CML-O	Rx3-	Receiver Inverted Data Output.	3B
16	GND	Ground	Module Ground.	
17	CML-O	Rx1+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.	3B
18	CML-O	Rx1-	Receiver Inverted Data Output.	3B
19		GND	Module Ground.	1B
20		GND	Module Ground.	1B
21	CML-O	Rx2-	Receiver Inverted Data Output.	3B
22	CML-O	Rx2+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.	3B
23		GND	Module Ground.	1B
24	CML-O	Rx4-	Receiver Inverted Data Output.	3B
25	CML-O	Rx4+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.	3B
26		GND	Module Ground.	1B
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present.	3B
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt.	3B
29		VccTx	+3.3V Power supply transmitter.	2B
30		Vcc1	+3.3V Power supply.	2B
31	LVTTL-I	InitMode	Initialization Mode. In legacy QSFP applications, the InitMode pad is called LPMODE.	3B
32		GND	Module Ground.	1B
33	CML-I	Tx3+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.	3B
34	CML-I	Tx3-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input.	3B
35		GND	Module Ground.	1B
36	CML-I	Tx1+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.	3B
37	CML-I	Tx1-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input.	3B
38		GND	Module Ground.	1B
39		GND	Module Ground.	1A
40	CML-I	Tx6-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input.	3A

<b>41</b>	CML-I	Tx6+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.	3A
<b>42</b>		GND	Module Ground.	1A
<b>43</b>	CML-I	Tx8-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input.	3A
<b>44</b>	CML-I	Tx8+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.	3A
<b>45</b>		GND	Module Ground.	1A
<b>46</b>		Reserved	For Future Use.	3A
<b>47</b>		VS1	Module Vendor-Specific 1.	3A
<b>48</b>		VccRx1	+3.3V Power Supply.	2A
<b>49</b>		VS2	Module Vendor-Specific 2.	3A
<b>50</b>		VS3	Module Vendor-Specific 3.	3A
<b>51</b>		GND	Module Ground.	1A
<b>52</b>	CML-O	Rx7+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.	3A
<b>53</b>	CML-O	Rx7-	Receiver Inverted Data Output.	3A
<b>54</b>		GNZ	Module Ground.	1A
<b>55</b>	CML-O	Rx5+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.	3A
<b>56</b>	CML-O	Rx5-	Receiver Inverted Data Output.	3A
<b>57</b>		GND	Module Ground.	1A
<b>58</b>		GND	Module Ground.	1A
<b>59</b>	CML-O	Rx6-	Receiver Inverted Data Output.	3A
<b>60</b>	CML-O	Rx6+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.	3A
<b>61</b>		GND	Module Ground.	1A
<b>62</b>	CML-O	Rx8-	Receiver Inverted Data Output.	3A
<b>63</b>	CML-O	Rx8+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.	3A
<b>67</b>		GND	Module Ground.	1A
<b>68</b>		NC	No Connect.	3A
<b>69</b>		Reserved	For Future Use.	3A
<b>70</b>		VccTx1	+3.3V Power Supply.	2A
<b>71</b>		Vcc2	+3.3V Power Supply.	2A
<b>72</b>		Reserved	For Future Use.	3A
<b>73</b>		GND	Module Ground.	1A
<b>74</b>	CML-I	Tx7+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.	3A
<b>75</b>	CML-I	Tx7-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input.	3A
<b>76</b>		GND	Module Ground.	1A

## MSA Compliant Connector



## Recommended Power Supply Filter



## Digital Diagnostic Functions

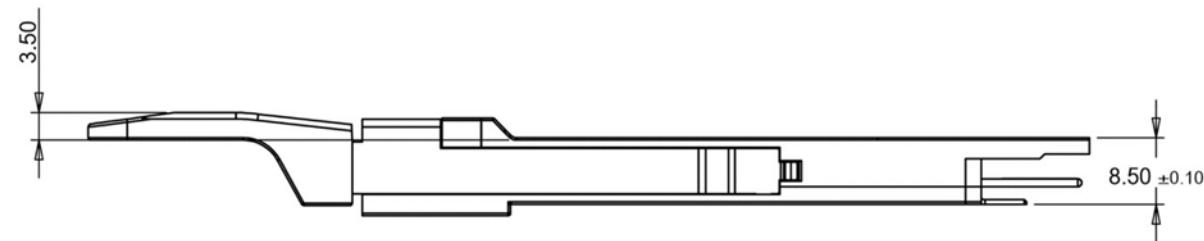
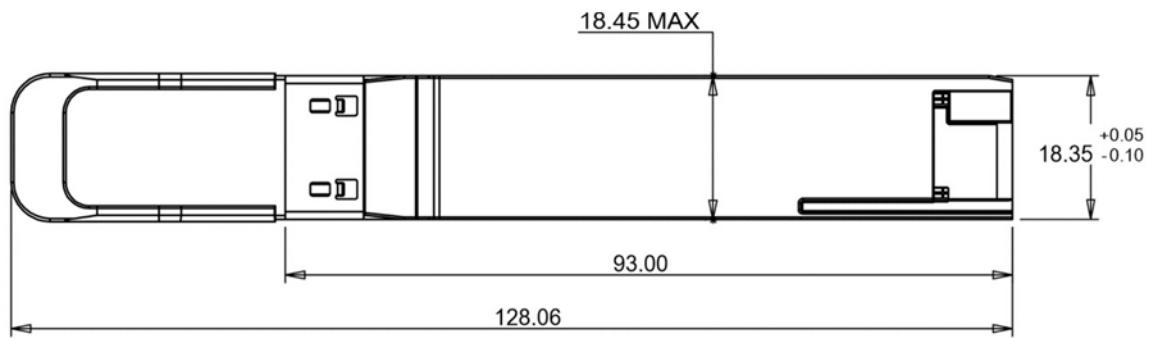
The following digital diagnostic characteristics are defined over the normal operating conditions unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes
Temperature Monitor Absolute Error	DMI_Temp	-3	3	degC	Over Operating Temperature Range
Supply Voltage Monitor Absolute Error	DMI_VCC	-0.1	0.1	V	Over Full Operating Range
Channel Rx Power Monitor Absolute Error	DMI_RX_Ch	-2	2	dB	1
Channel Bias Current Monitor	DMI_Ibias_Ch	-10%	10%	mA	
Channel Tx Power Monitor Absolute Error	DMI_TX_Ch	-2	2	dB	1

### Notes:

1. Due to measurement accuracy of different single-mode fibers, there could be an additional +/- 1 dB fluctuation, or a +/- 3 dB total accuracy.

## Mechanical Specifications



### About Us:

Proline Options is one of North America's leading providers of transceivers and high speed cabling. With a reputation for quality, tested products that cover the connectivity spectrum, Proline Options has a solution for you regardless of the specification.

At Proline Options, every product is tested in its intended application - never batch or spec tested only. We run bandwidth, distance and IOS network tests. We have documented an impressive 0.03% failure rate over the last 10 years. To continue this rate of success we invest millions annually in our own on-site testing lab.



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